




























Western Lumber Species & Grades

WESTERN LUMBER SPECIES MARKETING CATEGORIES

Standard Species Combinations

Western Softwood Species

Alternate Species Combinations

 Western Woods	 Douglas Fir-Larch	 Douglas Fir— <i>Pseudotsuga menziesii</i>	 White Woods <i>(any combination of the Western true firs, spruces, hemlocks or pines)</i>	 Engelmann Spruce-Lodgepole Pine	
	 Douglas Fir-South	 Douglas Fir-South— <i>Pseudotsuga menziesii</i> (Grown in AZ, CO, NV, NM and UT)		 Alpine Fir-Hem-Fir	
	 Hem-Fir	 Western Hemlock— <i>Tsuga heterophylla</i> Noble Fir— <i>Abies procera</i> California Red Fir— <i>Abies magnifica</i> Grand Fir— <i>Abies grandis</i> Pacific Silver Fir— <i>Abies amabilis</i> White Fir— <i>Abies concolor</i>		 Ponderosa Pine-Sugar Pine	
	 Western Woods	 Spruce-Pine-Fir (South)		 Sitka Spruce— <i>Picea sitchensis</i>	 Engelmann Spruce-Alpine Fir
				 Engelmann Spruce— <i>Picea engelmannii</i>	 Engelmann Spruce-Lodgepole Pine-Alpine Fir
				 Lodgepole Pine— <i>Pinus contorta</i>	 Ponderosa Pine-Lodgepole Pine
				 Alpine Fir— <i>Abies lasiocarpa</i> (or Subalpine Fir)	
		 Ponderosa Pine— <i>Pinus ponderosa</i>			
		 Sugar Pine— <i>Pinus lambertiana</i>			
		 Idaho White Pine— <i>Pinus monticola</i> (or Western White Pine)			
	 Mountain Hemlock— <i>Tsuga mertensiana</i>				
 Western Cedars		 Incense Cedar— <i>Libocedrus decurrens</i>			
		 Western Red Cedar— <i>Thuja plicata</i>			
		Port Orford Cedar— <i>Chamaecyparis lawsoniana</i>			
		Alaskan Cedar— <i>Chamaecyparis nootkatensis</i>			